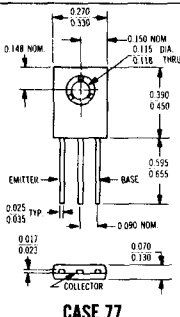


PLASTIC SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS — SHORT-FORM SPECIFICATIONS

	TYPE NPN PNP *	I_C	P_D	V_{CEO}	h_{FE} @ I_C		$V_{CE(sat)}$ @ I_C & I_B			f_T
		AMP(max)	W(max)	Volts(max)	Min/Max	Amp	Volts(max)	Amp	Amp	MHz
	MJE340	0.5	20.8	300	30/240	0.05	-	-	-	10
	2N4918*	3.0	30	40	20/100	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1	3.0
	2N4919*			60						
	2N4920*			80						
	2N4921			40						
	2N4922			60						
	2N4923			80						

PLASTIC SILICON SMALL-SIGNAL TRANSISTORS

Common Specifications. All plastic small-signal transistors included in this section have the following characteristics in common:

$$P_D = 310 \text{ mW} @ T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Derate at } 2.81 \text{ mW}/^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Operating Junction Temperature, } T_J = 135^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Storage Temperature Range, } T_{stg} = -55^\circ\text{C to } +135^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient, } \theta_{JA} = 0.357^\circ\text{C/mW}$$

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Unibloc plastic transistors are supplied in three case styles to meet a wide variety of requirements.

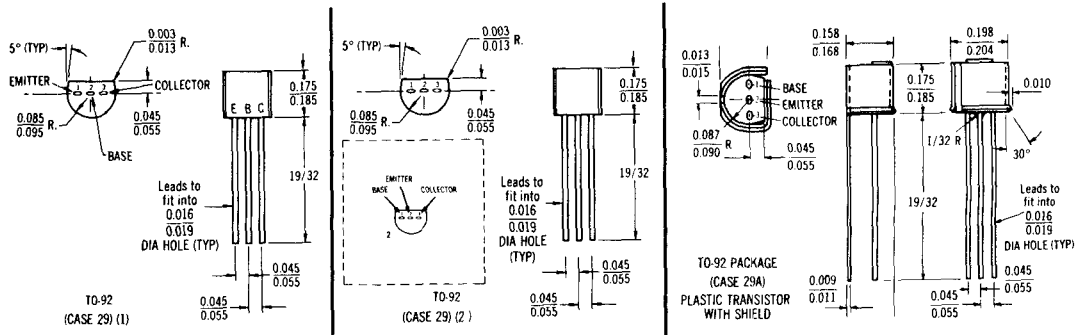
Case 29 (1) — used for all amplifier devices designed for low to medium frequency applications. This style lends itself to economical lead forming to the standard TO-5 and TO-18 lead configuration.

Case 29 (2) — a case style leading to good RF amplifier performance due to very low internal device feedback capacitance. The “emitter-in-the-center” lead configuration isolates the collector and base leads, drastically reducing the net capacitance be-

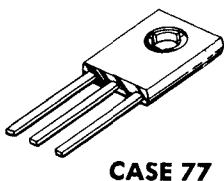
tween these leads and providing a substantial reduction in the collector-to-base feedback.

Case 29A — utilizes case style (2) and includes a unique metal shield. This shield, when properly grounded in the circuit, further reduces the effective feedback capacitance and provides an effective shield from RF radiation.

This packaging concept, a first, yields plastic transistors with performance equal to that achieved previously only with metal can devices.



MJE340 (SILICON)



NPN silicon power transistor designed for power output stages for television, radio, phonograph and other consumer product applications.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	300	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EB}	3.0	Vdc
Collector Current - Continuous	I_C	500	mAdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	20.8 167	Watts mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	θ_{JC}	6.0	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS				
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$, $I_B = 0$)	BV_{CEO}	300	-	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CB} = 300\text{ Vdc}$, $I_E = 0$)	I_{CBO}	-	100	μAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{BE} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 0$)	I_{EBO}	-	100	μAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS				
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 50\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$)	h_{FE}	30	240	-
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS				
Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product ($I_C = 100\text{ mAdc}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	f_T	10	-	MHz

MJE340 (continued)

FIGURE 1 — COLLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

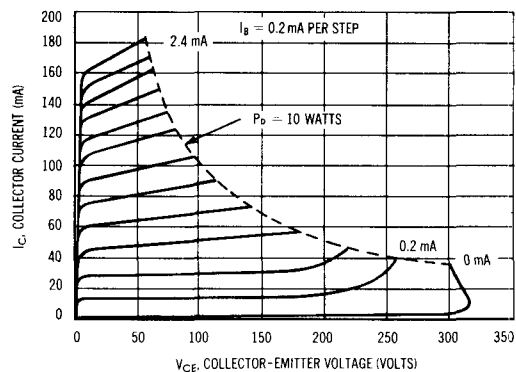


FIGURE 2 — COLLECTOR CURRENT versus BASE-EMITTER VOLTAGE

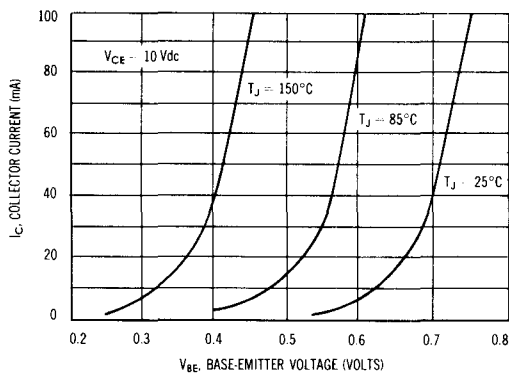


FIGURE 3 — TYPICAL LINE-OPERATED 1.5-WATT AUDIO AMPLIFIER

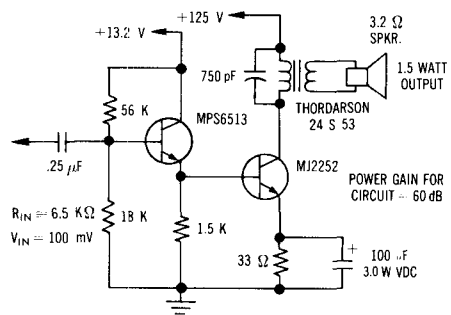


FIGURE 4 — TYPICAL TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION versus P_{out}

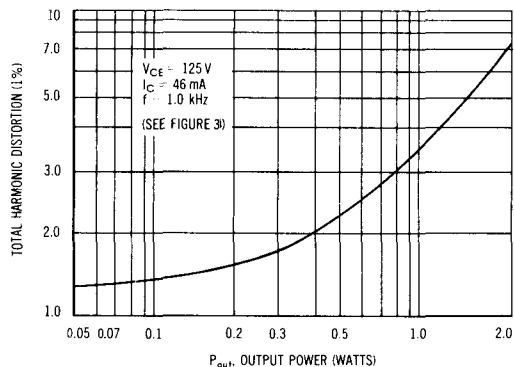
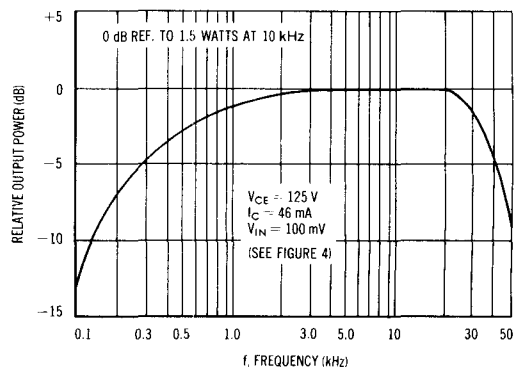


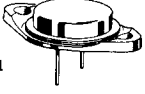
FIGURE 5 — TYPICAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF LINE OPERATED AUDIO AMPLIFIER



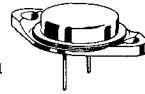
SILICON POWER TRANSISTOR SELECTOR GUIDE (continued)

Type NPN PNP	V_{CEO} Volts (Max)	h_{FE} @ I_C		$V_{CE(sat)}$ @ I_C & I_B		
		Min/Max	Amp	Volts (Max)	Amp	Amp

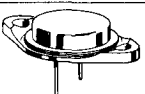
10 AMP ($T_{J(Max)} = 200^\circ\text{C}$)

 Case 11 (TO-3)	$P_D = 117\text{ W}$ $f_T = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	2N3235	55	20/70	4.0	1.1	4.0	0.4
	$P_D = 125\text{ W}$ $f_T = 2.5\text{ MHz}$ $\dagger V_{CEX}$	MJ413 MJ423 MJ431	400† 400† 400†	20/80 30/90 15/35	0.5 1.0 2.5	0.8 0.8 0.7	0.5 1.0 2.5	0.05 0.1 0.5
	$P_D = 150\text{ W}$ $f_T = 4.0\text{ MHz}$	2N3713	60	25/90	1.0	1.0	5.0	0.5
		2N3714	80	25/90	1.0	1.0	5.0	0.5
		2N3715	60	50/150	1.0	0.8	5.0	0.5
		2N3716	80	50/150	1.0	0.8	5.0	0.5
		2N3789	60	25/90	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.4
		2N3790	80	25/90	1.0	1.0	4.0	0.4
		2N3791	60	50/150	1.0	1.0	5.0	0.5
		2N3792	80	50/150	1.0	1.0	5.0	0.5
		2N4907	40	20/80	4.0	0.75	4.0	0.4
		2N4908	60	20/80	4.0	0.75	4.0	0.4
		2N4909	80	20/80	4.0	0.75	4.0	0.4

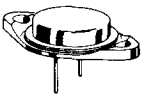
15 AMP ($T_{J(Max)} = 200^\circ\text{C}$)

 Case 11 (TO-3)	$P_D = 115\text{ W}$ $f_T = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	2N3055	60	20/70	4.0	1.1	4.0	0.4
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16 AMP ($T_{J(Max)} = 200^\circ\text{C}$)


 Case 1 (TO-3)	$P_D = 150\text{ W}$ $f_T = 0.8\text{ MHz}$	2N3773	140	15/60	8.0	1.4	8.0	0.8
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30 AMP ($T_{J(Max)} = 200^\circ\text{C}$)


 Case 3 (TO-3)	$P_D = 150\text{ W}$ $*f_T = 0.8\text{ MHz}$ $f_T = 2.0\text{ MHz}$	2N3771* 2N3772* MJ450	40 60 40	15/60 15/60 20/—	15 10 10	2.0 1.4 1.0	15 10 10	1.5 1.0 1.0
	$P_D = 200\text{ W}$ $f_T = 4.0\text{ MHz}$	2N4398 2N4399	40 60	15/60 15/60	15 15	1.0 1.0	15 15	1.5 1.5

PLASTIC See Section 5 for Complete Characteristics


500 mA ($T_{J(Max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

 Case 77	$P_D = 20.8\text{ W}$ $f_T = 10\text{ MHz}$	MJE340	300	30/240	0.05	—	—	—
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3.0 AMP ($T_{J(Max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

 Case 77	$P_D = 30\text{ W}$ $f_T = 3.0\text{ MHz}$	2N4918	40	20/100	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1
		2N4919	60	20/100	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1
		2N4920	80	20/100	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1
		2N4921	40	20/100	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1
		2N4922	60	20/100	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1
		2N4923	80	20/100	0.5	0.6	1.0	0.1

4.0 AMP ($T_{J(Max)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

 Case 77	$P_D = 40\text{ W}$ $f_T = 4.0\text{ MHz}$	2N5190	40	25/100	1.5	0.6	1.5	0.15
		2N5191	60	25/100	1.5	0.6	1.5	0.15
		2N5192	80	25/100	1.5	0.6	1.5	0.15
		2N5193	40	25/100	1.5	0.6	1.5	0.15
		2N5194	60	25/100	1.5	0.6	1.5	0.15
		2N5195	80	25/100	1.5	0.6	1.5	0.15