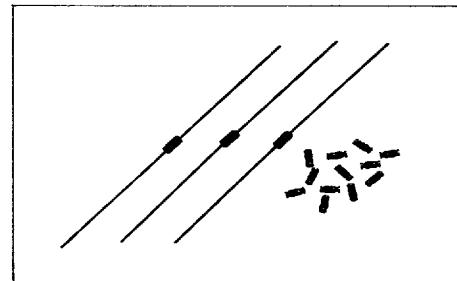


CRD

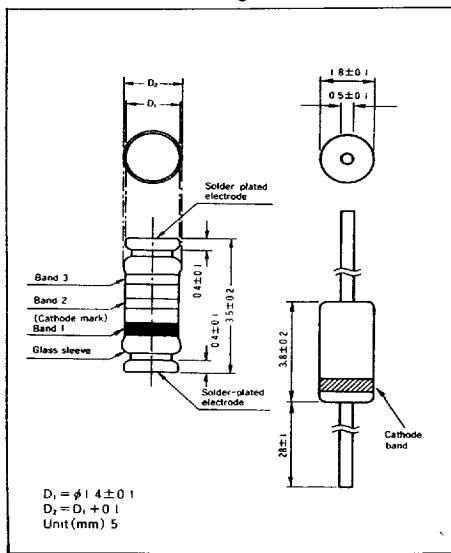
T-11-27

CRD is a diode which supplies constant current to an electronic circuit, even when power supply voltage fluctuations or load impedance fluctuations occur.

CRD is used for current stabilization and current limiting.



Outline dimensional drawing

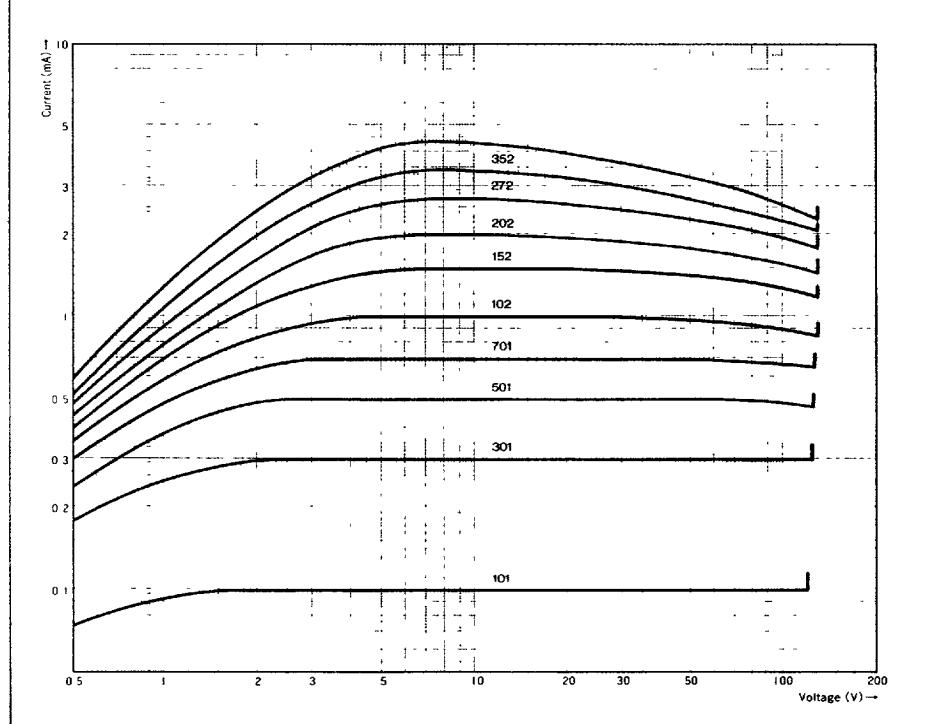


Specifications

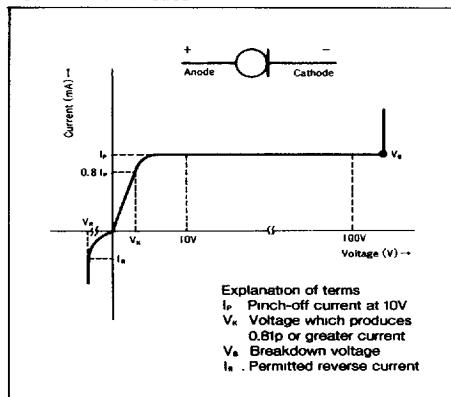
| Type | Pinch-off current ^{*1} | | | Limiting current ^{*2} | | Dynamic _{±2} impedance | Limiting current ratio | Temperature coefficient ^{*4} | Indication |
|--------|---------------------------------|------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|------------|
| | lead less | lead | Test voltage | I _p (mA) | V _x (V) | | | | |
| F-101L | E-101L | 10V | 0.01~0.06 | 0.4 | min0.81 _p | 8.00 | max 1:1 | +2.1~+0.10 | 1L |
| F-101 | E-101 | 10V | 0.05~0.21 | 0.5 | min0.81 _p | 6.00 | max 1:1 | +2.1~+0.10 | 01 |
| F-301 | E-301 | 10V | 0.20~0.42 | 0.8 | min0.81 _p | 4.00 | max 1:1 | +0.4~−0.20 | 03 |
| F-501 | E-501 | 10V | 0.40~0.63 | 1.1 | min0.81 _p | 2.00 | max 1:1 | +0.1~−0.25 | 05 |
| F-701 | E-701 | 10V | 0.60~0.92 | 1.4 | min0.81 _p | 1.00 | max 1:1 | 0.0~−0.32 | 07 |
| F-102 | E-102 | 10V | 0.88~1.32 | 1.7 | min0.81 _p | 0.65 | max 1:1 | −0.1~−0.37 | 10 |
| F-152 | E-152 | 10V | 1.28~1.72 | 2.0 | min0.81 _p | 0.40 | max 1:1 | −0.1~−0.40 | 15 |
| F-202 | E-202 | 10V | 1.68~2.32 | 2.3 | min0.81 _p | 0.25 | max 1:1 | −0.1~−0.42 | 20 |
| F-272 | E-272 | 10V | 2.28~3.10 | 2.7 | min0.81 _p | 0.15 | max 1:1 | −0.1~−0.45 | 27 |
| F-352 | E-352 | 10V | 3.00~4.10 | 3.2 | min0.81 _p | 0.10 | max 1:1 | −0.2~−0.47 | 35 |
| F-452 | E-452 | 10V | 3.90~5.10 | 3.7 | min0.81 _p | 0.07 | max 1:1 | −0.2~−0.50 | 45 |
| F-562 | E-562 | 10V | 5.00~6.50 | 4.5 | min0.81 _p | 0.04 | max 1:1 | −0.2~−0.53 | 56 |

^{*1} *2 Pinch-off current and limiting current are measured by impulse wave at 25°C^{*3} ZT is minimum AC impedance when minimal voltage of 90Hz AC is added to 25 V_{dc}. ZT is used as the reference value^{*4} Temperature coefficient is measured between 25°C and 50°C

Dynamic characteristics (saturation characteristics)

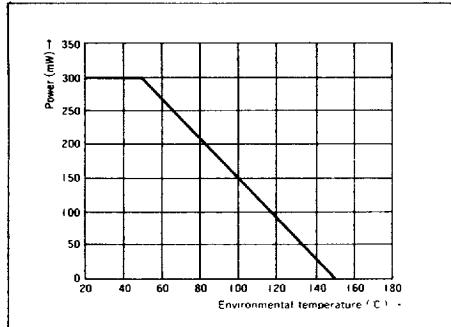


Basic characteristics

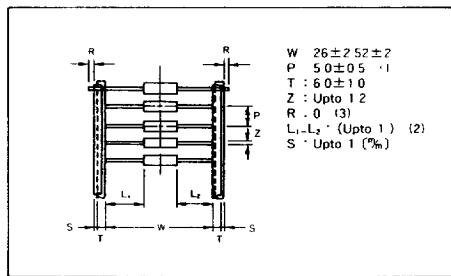


Maximum ratings

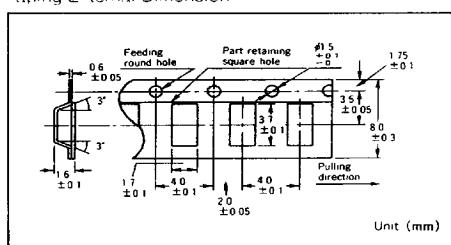
| Type | E type | F type |
|------------------------|-------------|---------|
| Power | 300mW | 400mW |
| thermal resistance | 300°C/W | 150°C/W |
| Maximum rating voltage | 100V | |
| Reverse current | 50mA | |
| Temperature | −30°C~150°C | |

Power derating

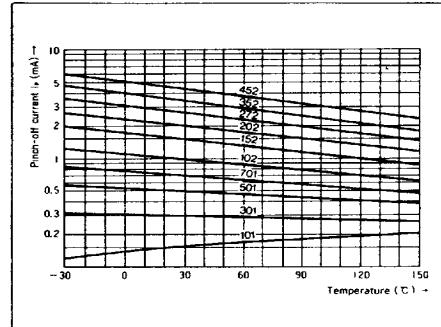
CRD permits the taping. There are two types of lead, one is 52 mm and the other is 26 mm of tape distance. There are two types of package, one is the roll (R) and the other is the fold (Z). Please indicate the taping package by the suffix following CRD Type No., e.g., 52R, 52Z, etc. Taping package minimum quantity is 5,000 pcs. in R and 1,000 pcs. in Z. Following diagram indicates the Lead-less Type taping dimensions. Minimum quantity of the taping package is 1,000 pcs. in one roll.



- (1) Cumulative pitch tolerance ± 2 mm for 20 pitches
- (2) Absolute value between L1 and L2
- (3) Lead terminal should not protrude from the tape

Taping External Dimension

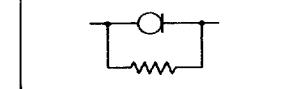
*In principle elements are set with cathode side on the round hole side

Pinch-off current Temperature

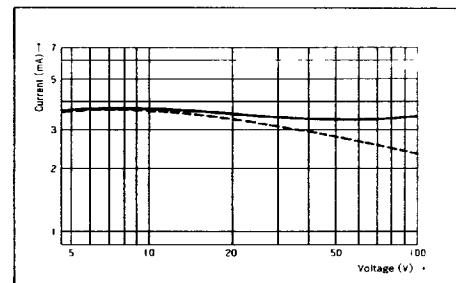
The compensation of current reduction due to self heating

Placing resistors in parallel with CRD can correct any current decrease when the applied voltage increases. The following values are typical for correction resistors.

| | |
|-----|--------|
| 102 | 1 MΩ |
| 152 | 390 kΩ |
| 202 | 240 kΩ |
| 272 | 120 kΩ |
| 352 | 82 kΩ |

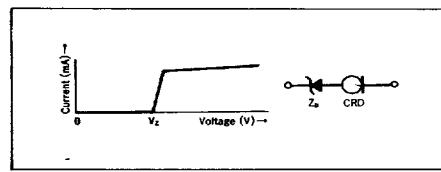


Compensative resistor is not necessary if the current value is less than 1 mA

**CRD in parallel**

The use of CRD in parallel increases their current handling capabilities

Increasing the voltage range using a zener diode
Connecting zener diodes in series with the line ensures that the current is constant in high-voltage area.

**Application**